



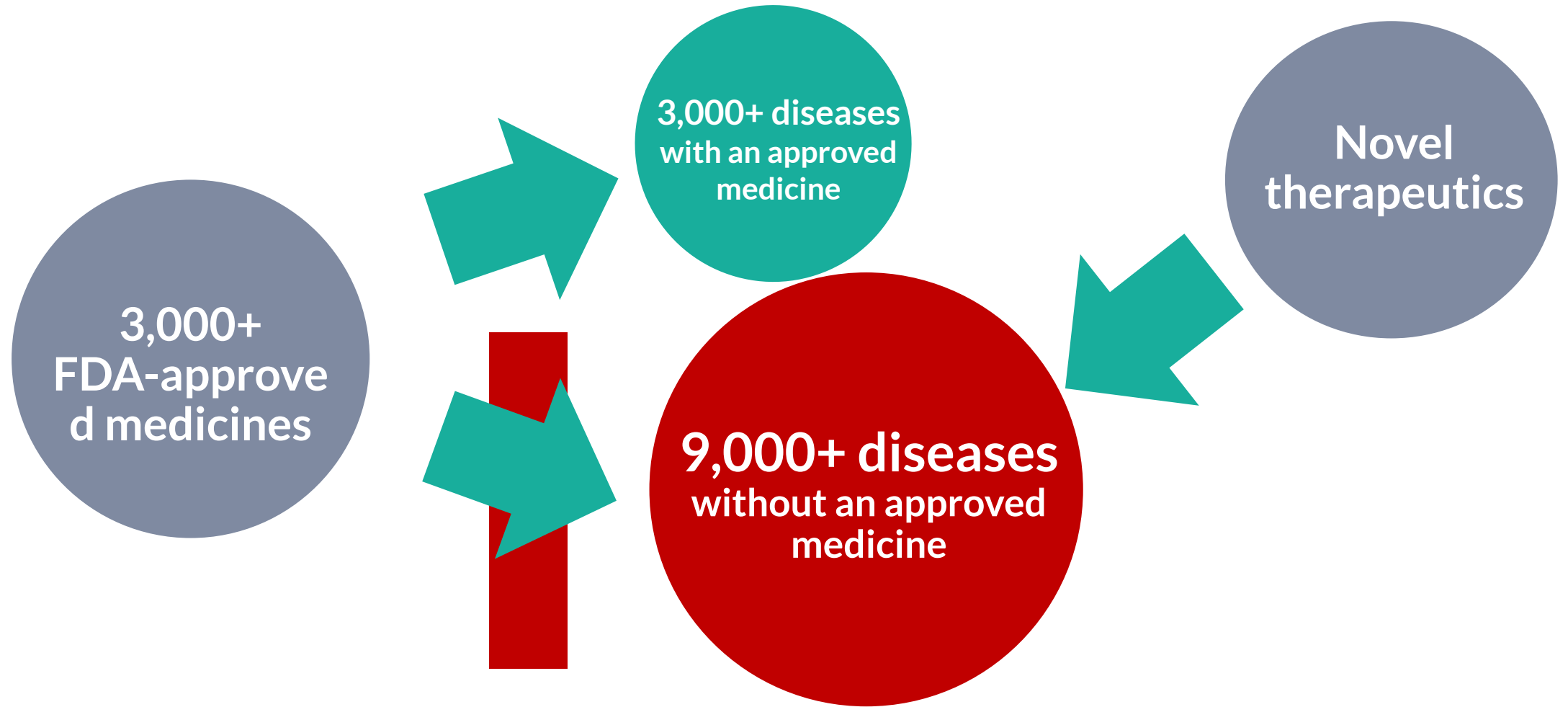
From Chasing My Cure to Every Cure: Unlocking the full potential of available medicines

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Founding Director, Center for Cytokine Storm Treatment & Laboratory
Associate Director, Orphan Disease Center, University of Pennsylvania
Co-Founder & President, Castleman Disease Collaborative Network
Co-Founder & President, Every Cure

March 7, 2024



3,000 medicines are approved for 3,000 diseases, but 9,000+ diseases don't have a single approved therapy

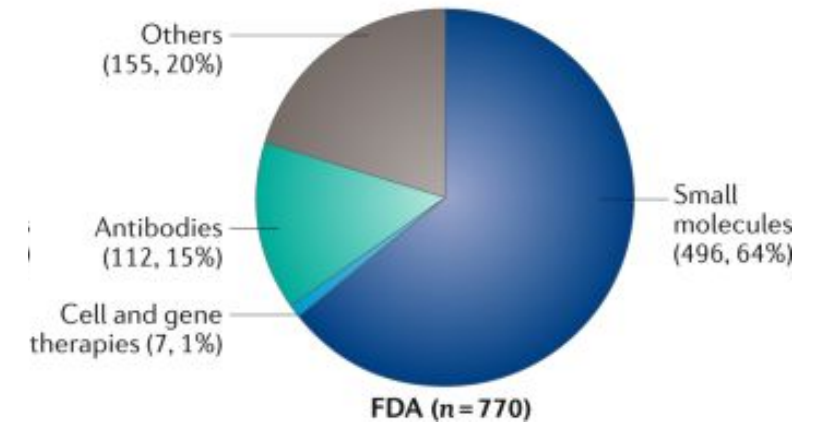


Many diseases share mechanisms and many drugs have multiple targets, highlighting the potential of repurposing

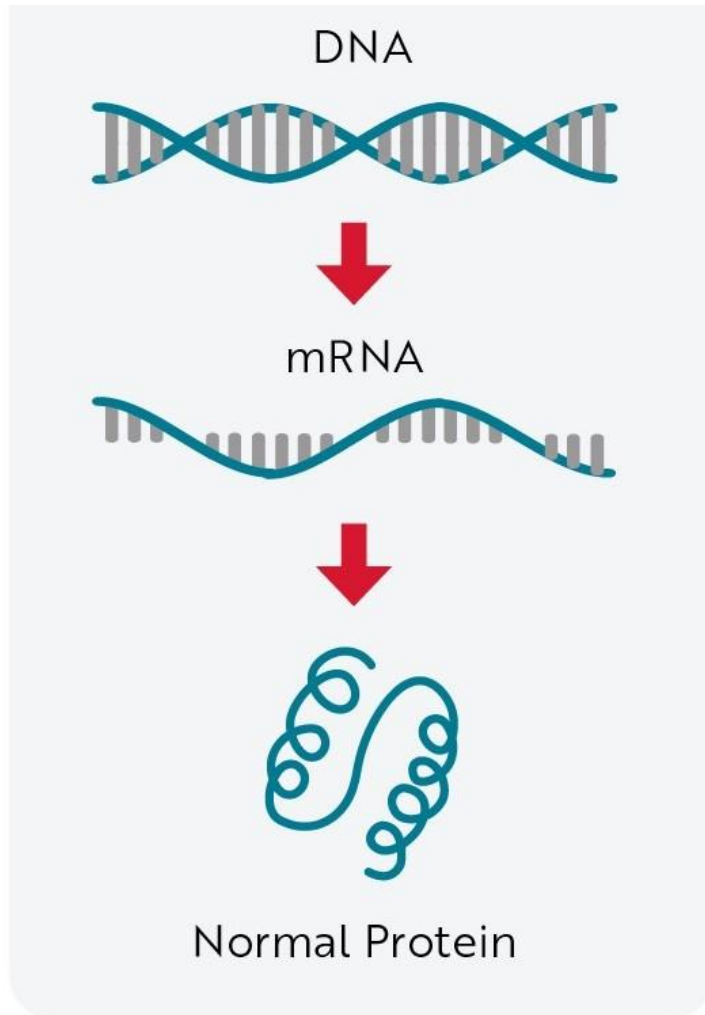


Novel treatment modalities are advancing to patients faster than ever

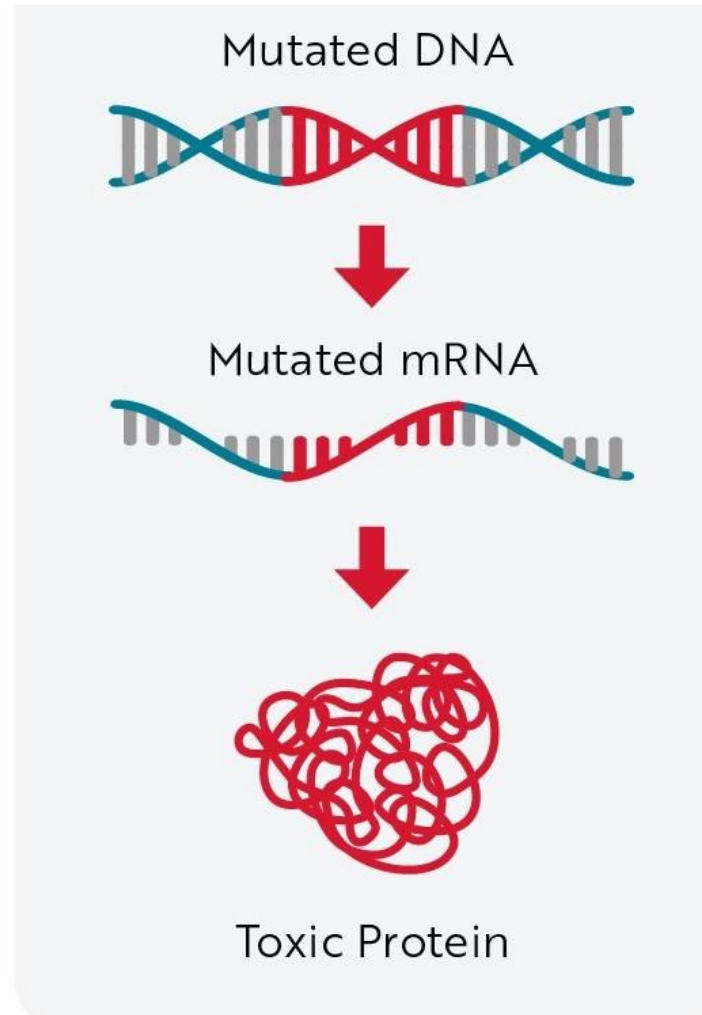
Modality	Cause of disease at the protein level		Molecular target			Protein target localization			Delivery		
	Reduction or loss of function	Excessive or detrimental function	DNA	RNA	Protein	Extracellular	Plasma membrane	Intracellular	Oral	Injection	Inhaled
Small molecule	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Protein replacement	○				○	○		○		○	
Antibody		●			●	●	●			●	
Oligonucleotide therapy	○	○		○		○	○	○		○	
Cell and gene therapy*	●		●			●	●	●		●	



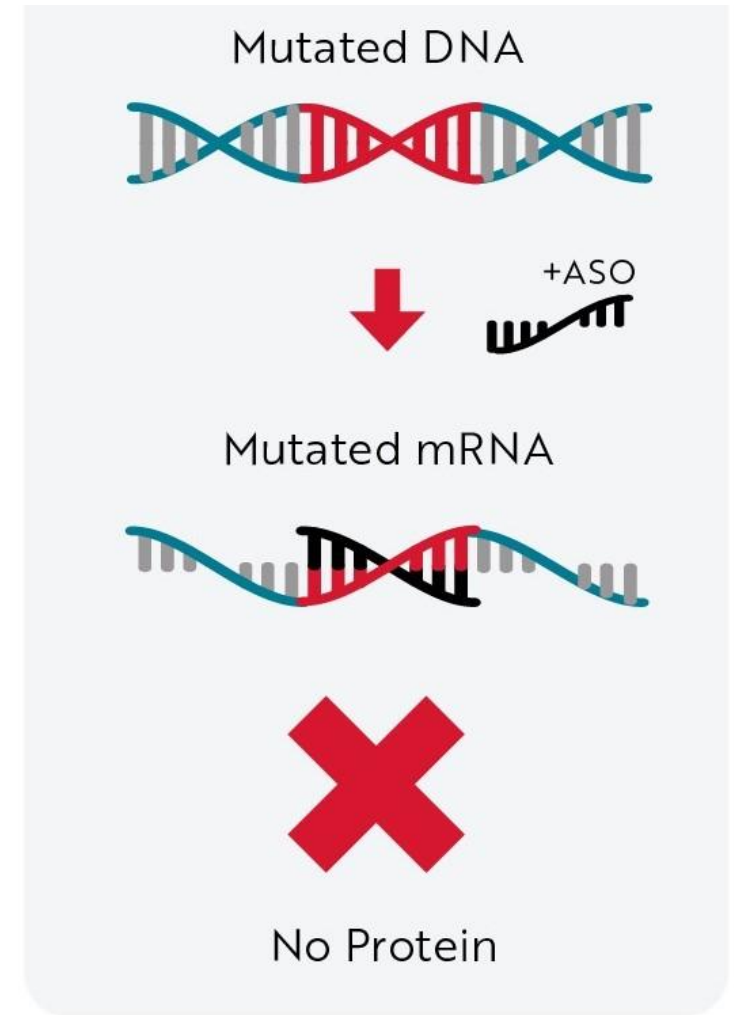
NO MUTATIONS



DISEASE-LINKED GENE MUTATIONS



DISEASE-LINKED GENE MUTATIONS + ASO



Knockdown ASOs work to eliminate the mutated, toxic protein by preventing it from being produced.

Even gene therapies and cellular therapies have potential beyond their initial indication

F.D.A. Approves Sickle Cell Treatments, Including One That Uses CRISPR

People with the genetic disease have new opportunities to eliminate their symptoms, but the treatments come with obstacles that limit their reach.



By Gina Kolata
Gina Kolata has reported on gene therapy for nearly 30 years and on sickle cell disease since 2018.

Dec. 8, 2023 Updated 12:27 p.m. ET

On Friday, the Food and Drug Administration approved the first gene editing therapy ever to be used in humans, for sickle cell disease, a debilitating blood disorder caused by a single mutated gene.

The agency also approved a second treatment using conventional gene therapy for sickle cell that does not use gene editing.

First gene editing therapy to treat beta thalassemia and severe sickle cell disease

Share

15 December 2023

EMA has recommended approval of the first medicine using CRISPR/Cas9, a novel gene-editing technology. Casgevy (exagamglogene autotemcel) is indicated for the treatment of transfusion-dependent beta thalassemia and severe sickle cell disease in patients 12 years of age and older for whom haematopoietic stem cell transplantation is appropriate and a suitable donor is not available.

FDA NEWS RELEASE

FDA approval brings first gene therapy to the United States

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For Immediate Release: August 30, 2017

CAR T-Cell Therapy Shows Promise in Autoimmune Diseases in Early Study Presented at ASH

Dec 10, 2023 | Jessica Kim Cohen

Premium

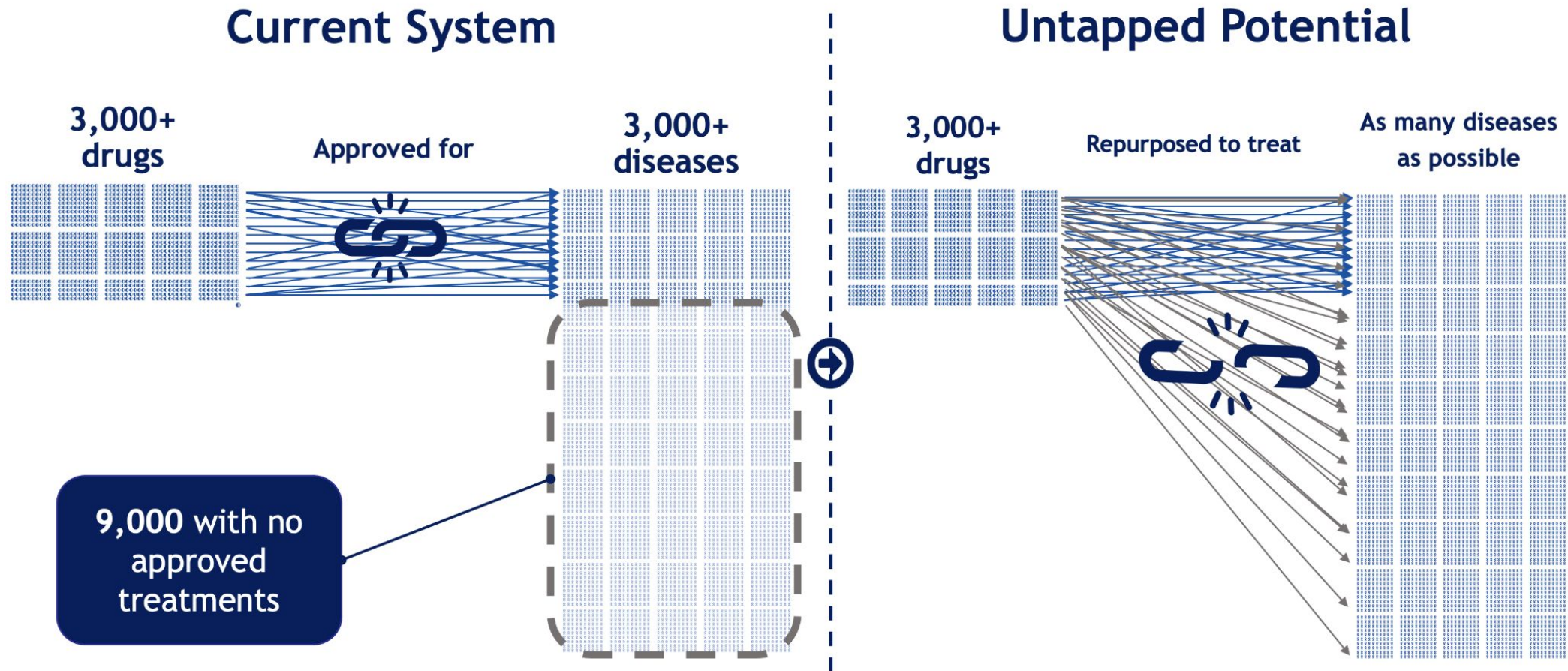
NEW YORK – An autologous CAR T-cell therapy originally designed for cancer led to complete drug-free remission in patients with lupus and other autoimmune diseases, according to a small study presented on Saturday at the American Society of Hematology's annual meeting in San Diego.

A team of researchers in Germany sought to establish whether a CD19-targeting CAR T-cell therapy, dubbed MB-CART19.1, that has previously been used to treat B-cell malignancies could also treat autoimmune diseases triggered by autoreactive B cells, such as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), idiopathic inflammatory myositis (IIM), and systemic sclerosis (SSc).



Pompak Khunatorn / Getty Images

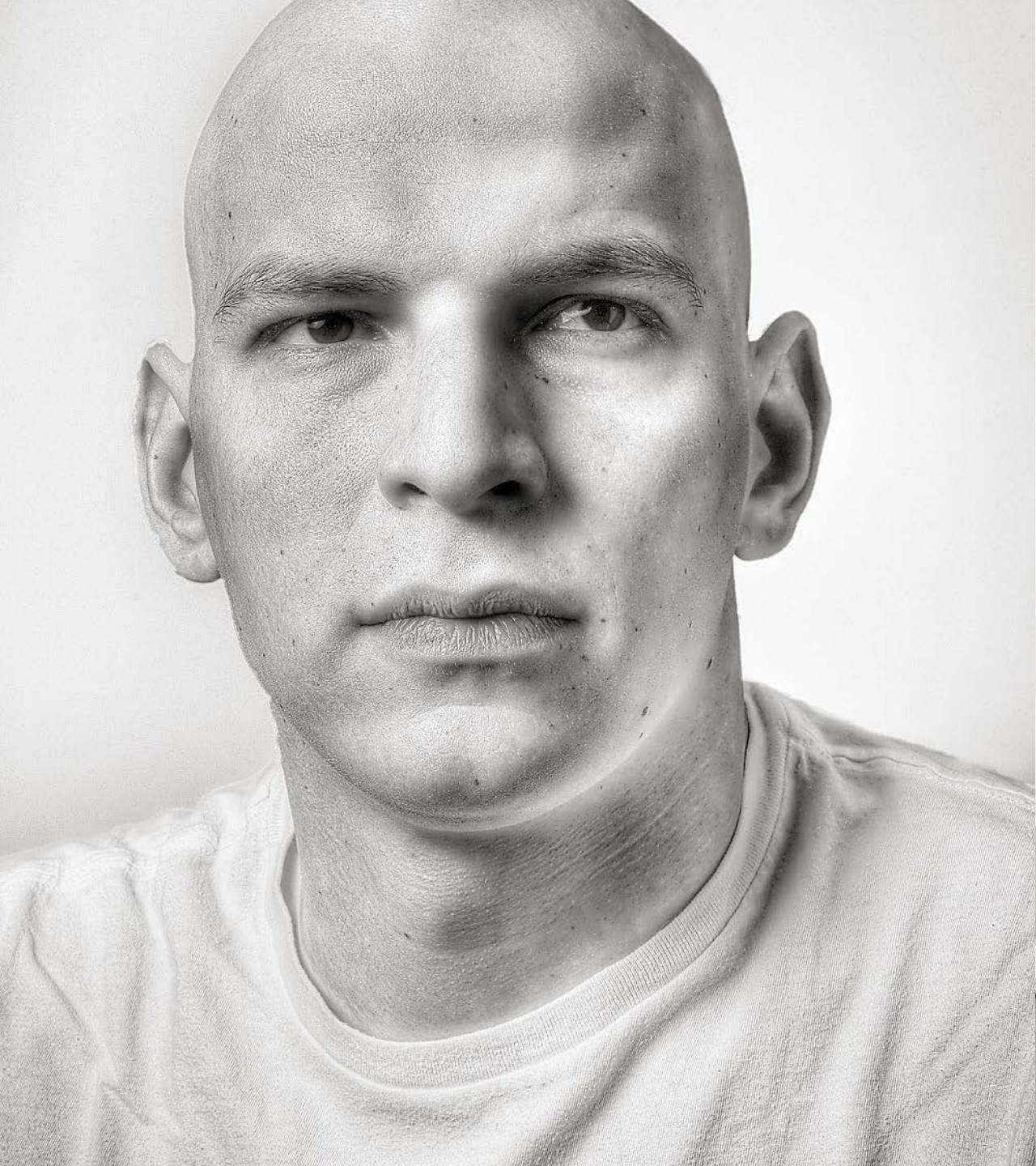
There is tremendous untapped potential within our FDA-approved medicines



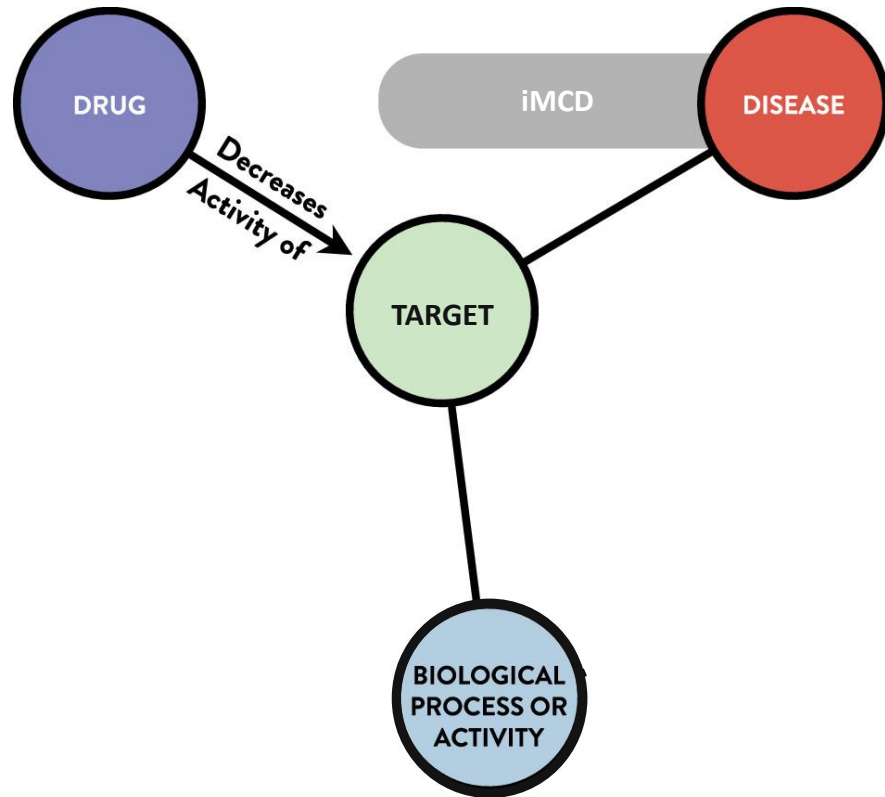




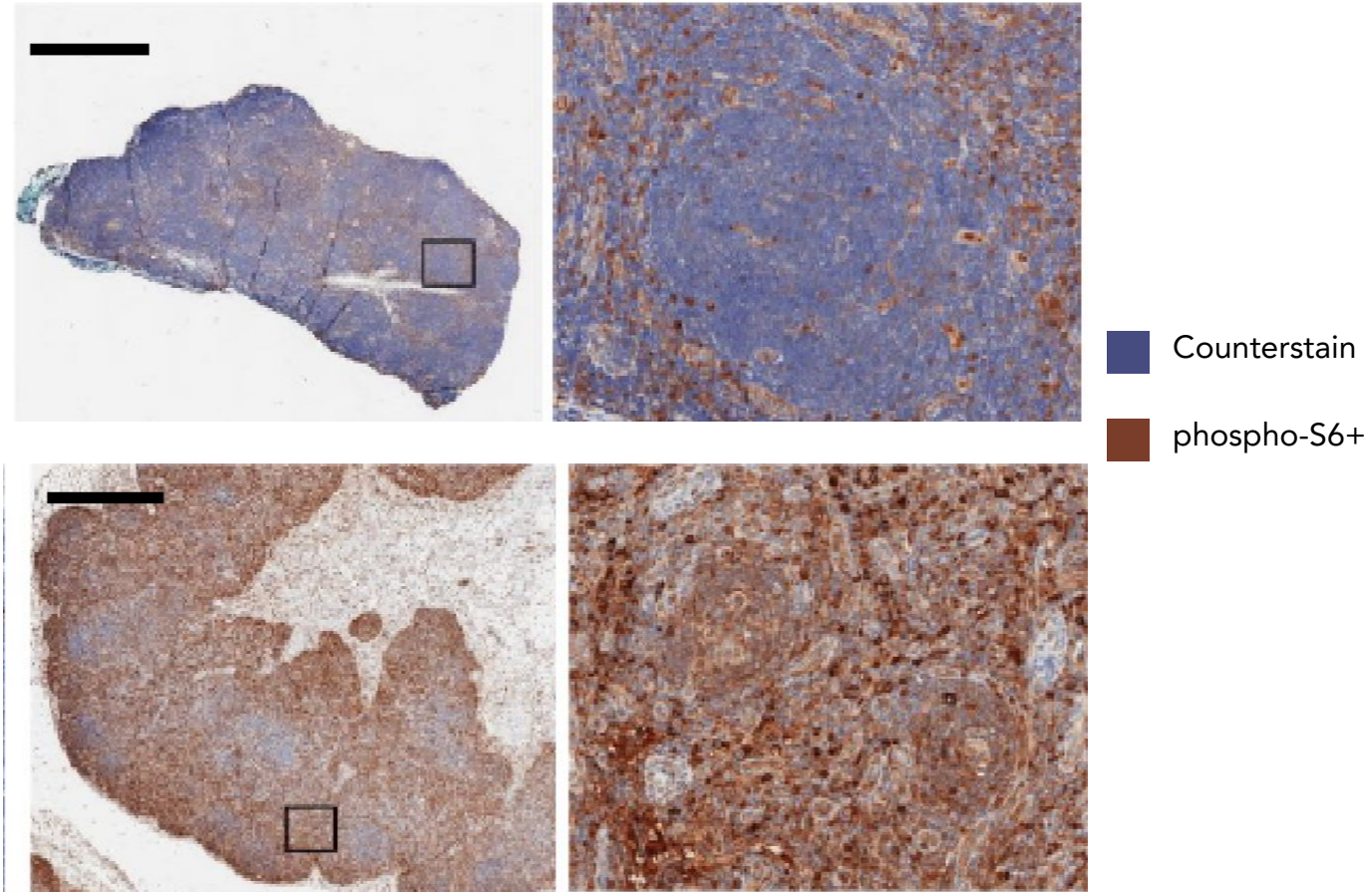




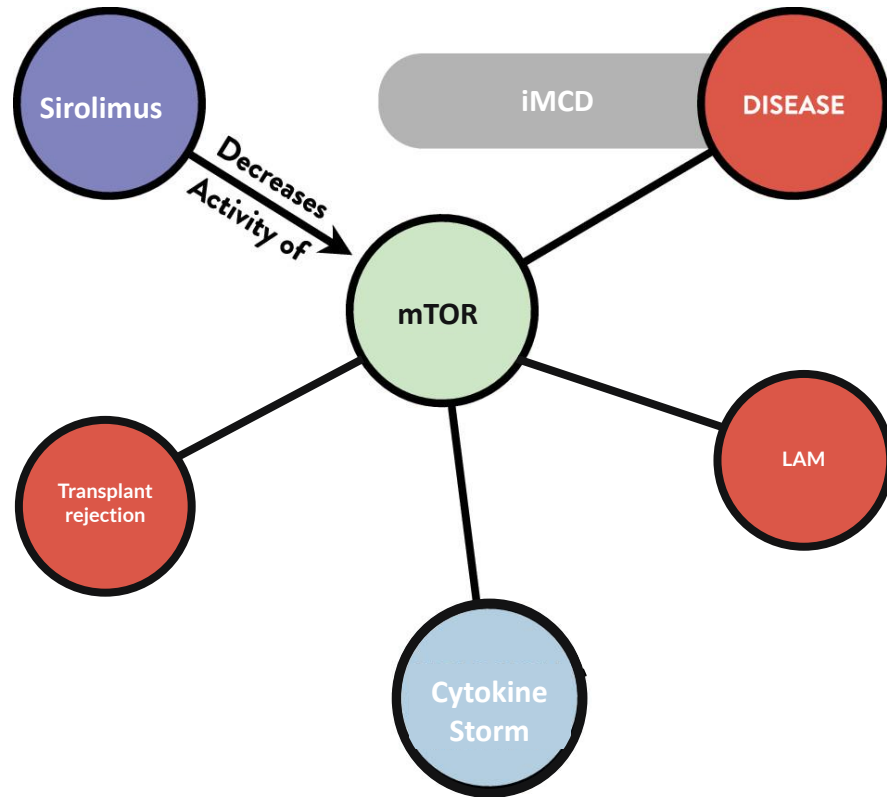
Sirolimus identified for iMCD by uncovering mechanistic insights



Immunohistochemistry for pS6, a marker of mTOR activation



Sirolimus identified for iMCD by uncovering mechanistic insights



"An extraordinary memoir . . .
It belongs with Atul Gawande's
writings and *When Breath
Becomes Air*." —Adam Grant,
New York Times bestselling
author of *Originals*

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CHASING MY CURE

A Doctor's Race to Turn
Hope into Action

A MEMOIR

David Fajgenbaum



Above, Clarice Maggio, a nurse
report on Dr. David Fajgenbaum
through which he will receive
the Hospital of the University of
Pennsylvania. Left, the doctor,
Castlemans disease, with his wife
home in Philadelphia.

Doctor, Cure Thyself

On the brink of
death, a physician
with a rare disease
decides to become
his own test subject.

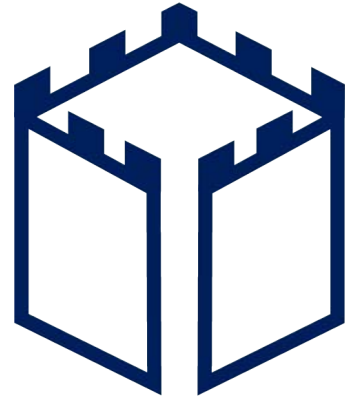
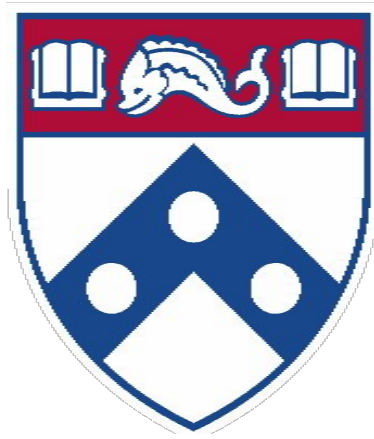
By KATIE THOMAS

They called him the Beast.
David Fajgenbaum was the fittest of his
friends at the University of Pennsylvania
medical school, a 6-foot-3 gym
former quarterback at
mammoth Penn State
spring

his former roommate, Grant
used to walk to work
would arrive

The New York Times

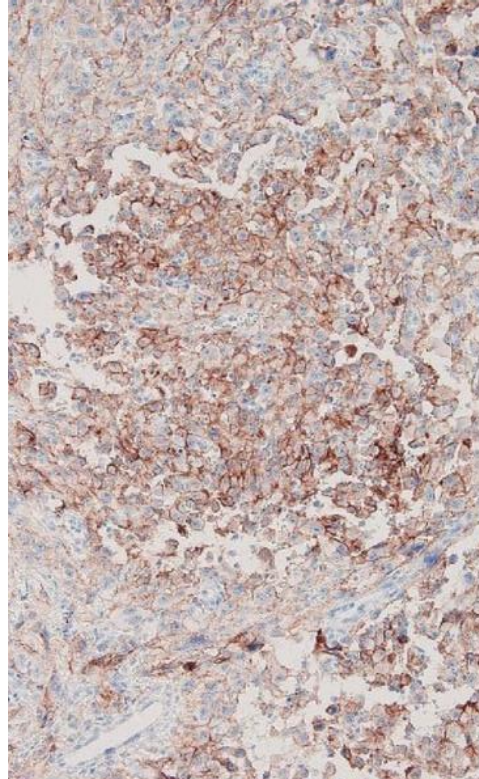
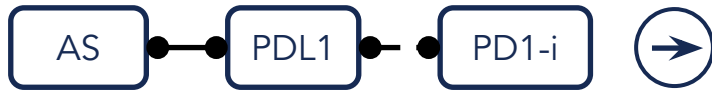
SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 2017



CSTL
Center *for* Cytokine Storm
Treatment & Laboratory



Treatment identified for AS by uncovering published link



A screenshot of the National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) Guidelines for Soft Tissue Sarcoma. The document includes a 'Panel Discussion/References' section with the following text: 'The panel consensus supported including the following subtype for nivolumab ± ipilimumab: • For myxofibrosarcoma, UPS, dedifferentiated liposarcoma, cutaneous angiosarcoma, and undifferentiated sarcomas OR • For TMB-H (≥10 mutations/megabase [mut/Mb]) regardless of soft tissue sarcoma sub-type'. Below this, there are links to clinical trials on ClinicalTrials.gov, including 'Testing the Addition of Nivolumab to Chemotherapy in Treatment of Soft Tissue Sarcoma' and 'Nivolumab and Ipilimumab in Treating Patients With Rare Tumors'.

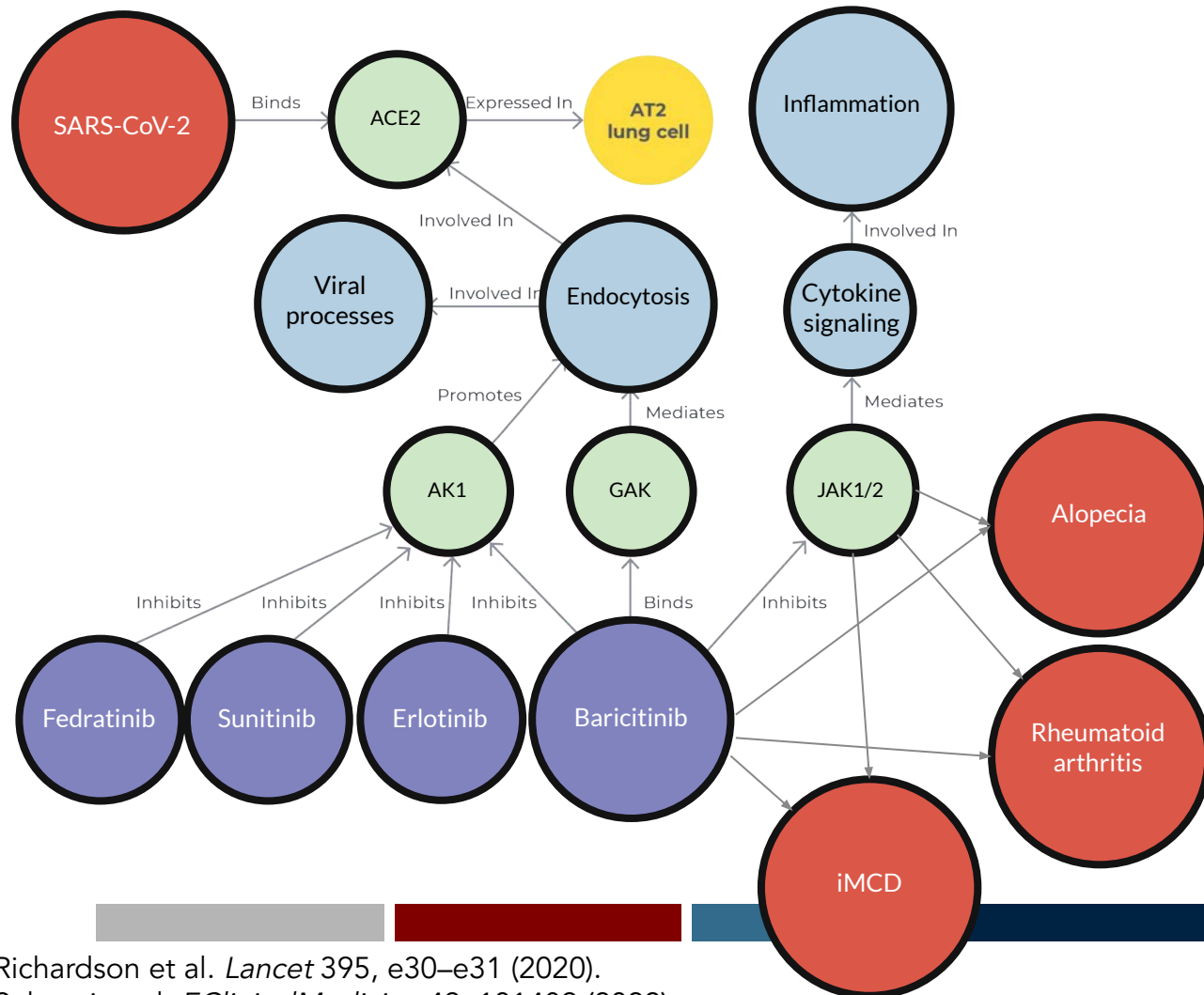
2013 paper links PD1/PDL1 and angiosarcoma (AS)

Testing confirmed increased PDL1 in 2016

First AS patient treated with PD1 inhibitor in remission >7 years

Recommended by NCCN and clinical trials underway

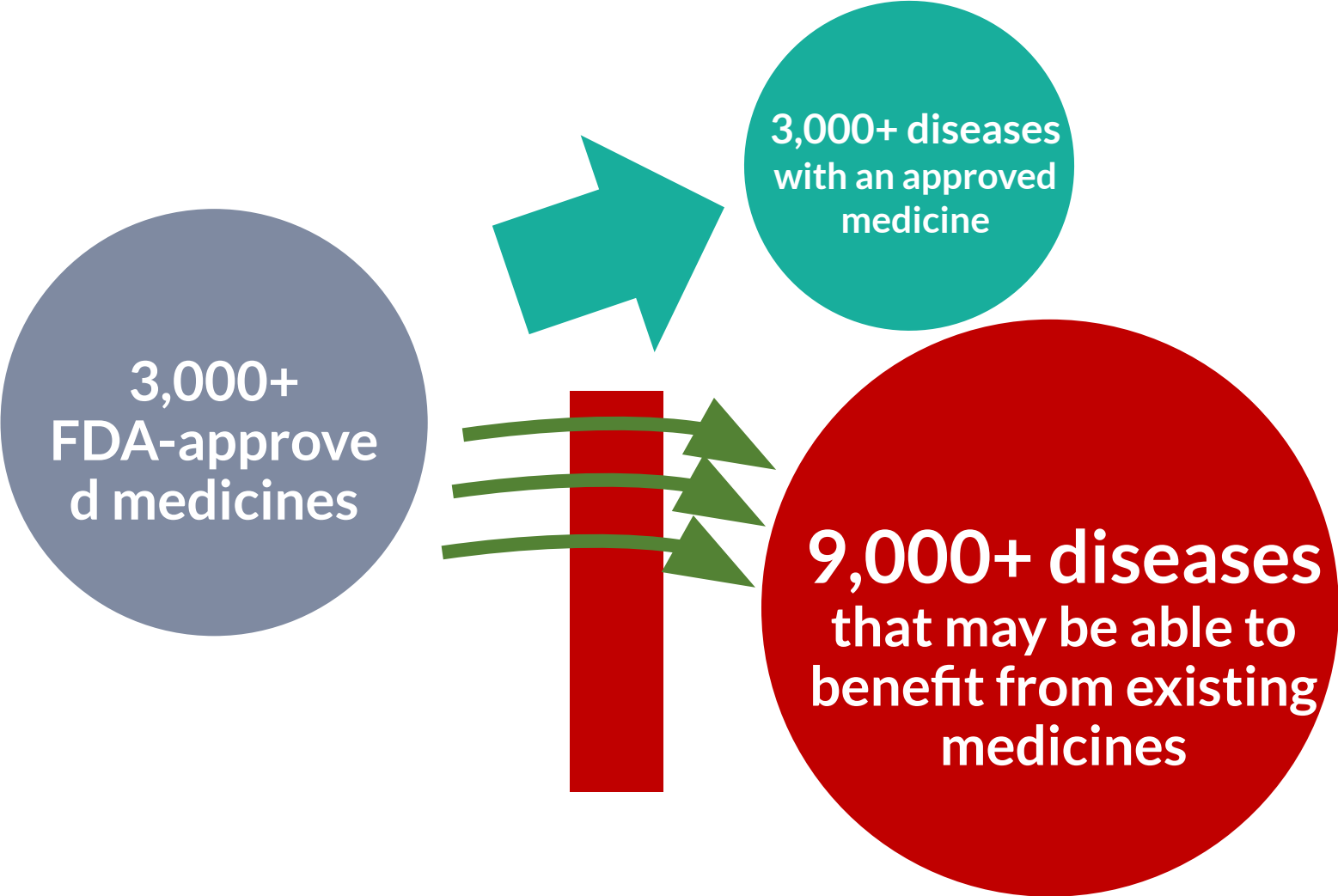
Baricitinib identified for COVID by applying AI to KGs and NCATS building critical data infrastructure



Richardson et al. *Lancet* 395, e30–e31 (2020).
 Selvaraj et al. *EClinicalMedicine* 49, 101489 (2022).
 Marconi et al. *Lancet Respir Med* 9, 1407–1418 (2021).



Many existing medicines already have data supporting their use in other diseases, but they aren't being pursued due to systemic barriers



Systemic barriers

No central database or scoring system

Public data



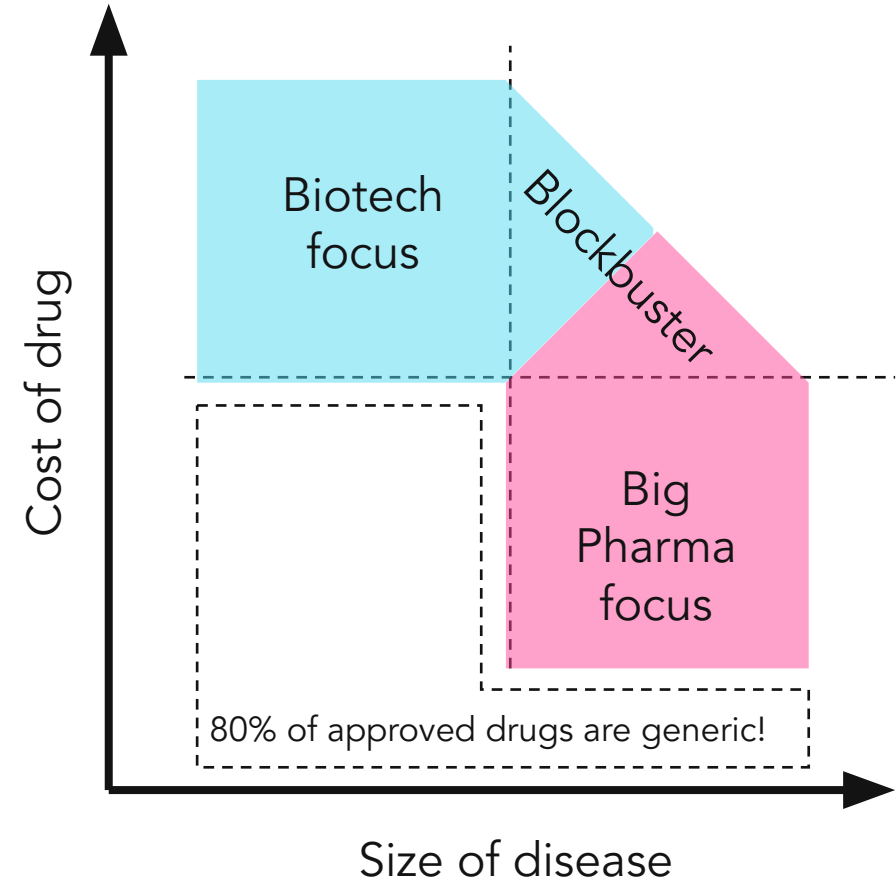
Private data



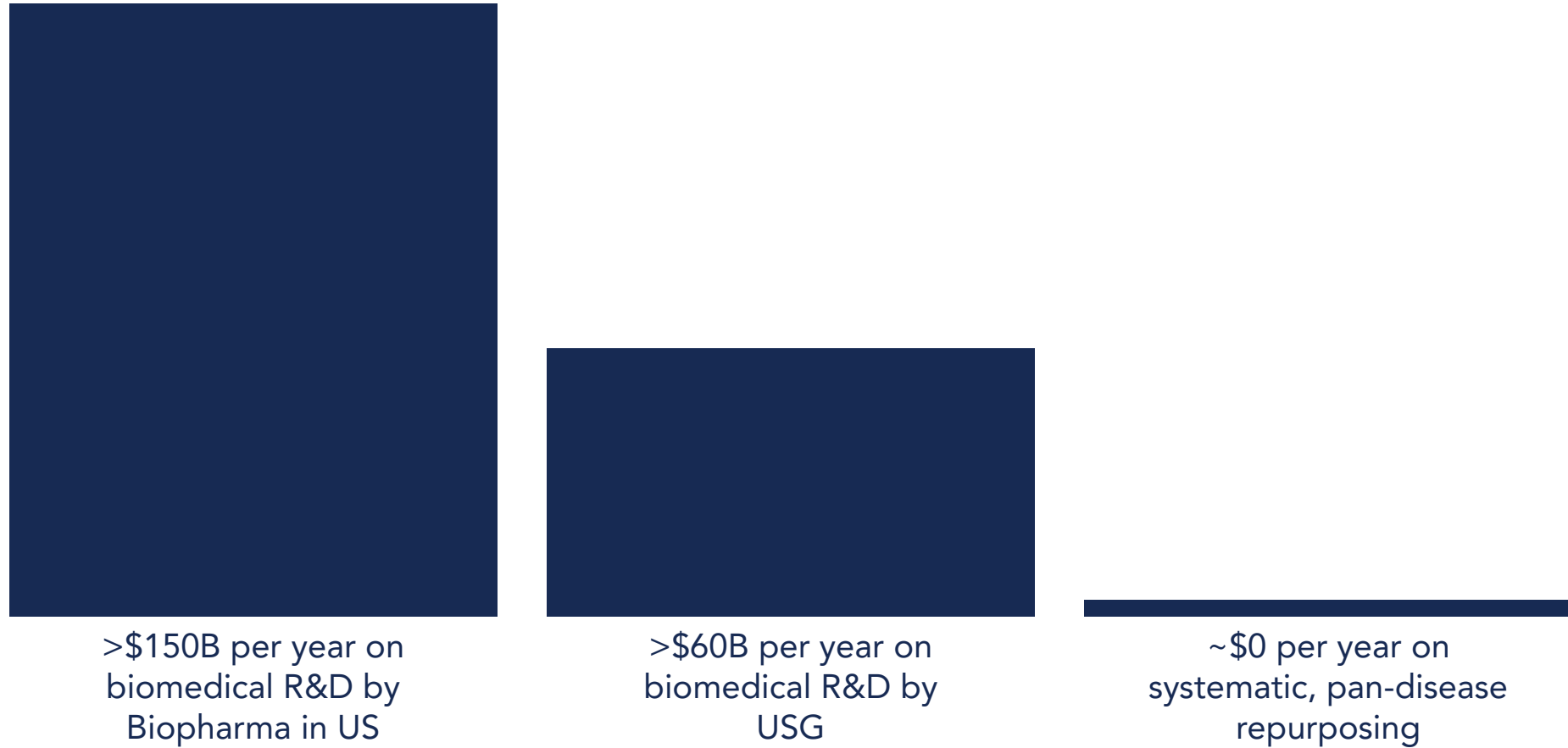
Government data



Insufficient incentives for 80% of approved drugs



Systemic barriers



>\$150B per year on biomedical R&D by Biopharma in US

>\$60B per year on biomedical R&D by USG

~\$0 per year on systematic, pan-disease repurposing



“

There is a missing link in the system that isn't filled by NIH, FDA, or pharma...
No one is responsible for making sure that drugs are fully utilized across diseases.

— JANET WOODCOCK, MD
PRINCIPAL DEPUTY COMMISSIONER, FDA



Unleashing the potential of
every approved medicine to
treat *every* disease and *every*
patient possible

Advancing a new field of therapeutic crosspurposing

Traditional Drug Repurposing



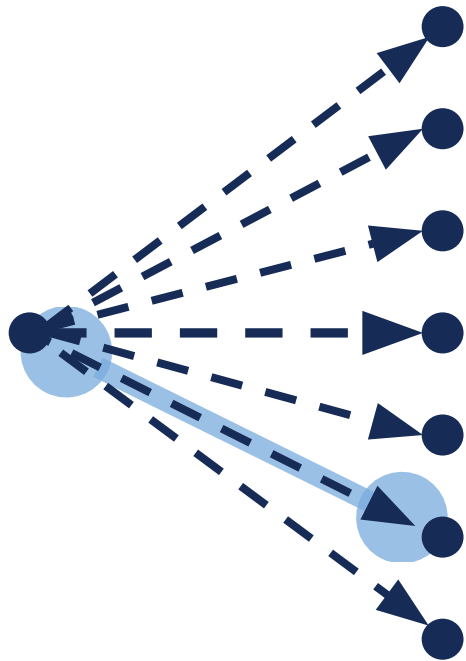
Drug Repurposing: Indication Expansion



Therapeutic Crosspurposing / Pharmacophenomics

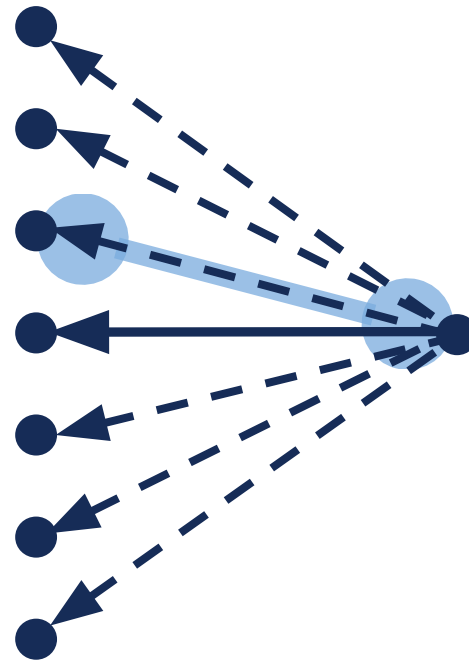
Disease

Drugs



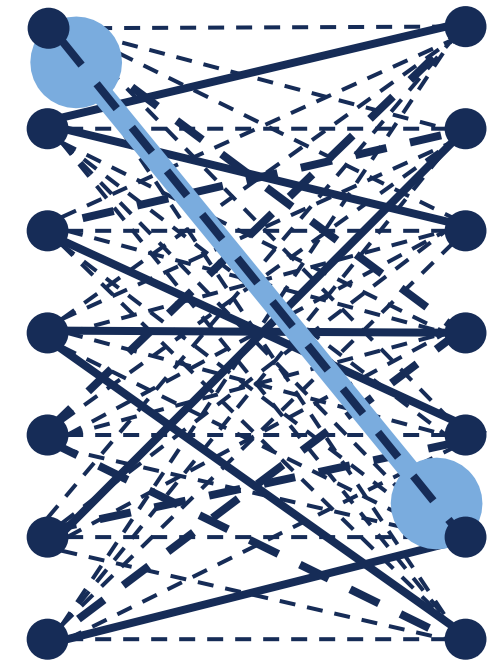
Diseases

Drug



Diseases

Drugs





Identify drug-disease links



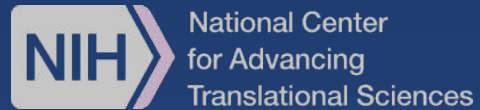
Grade links

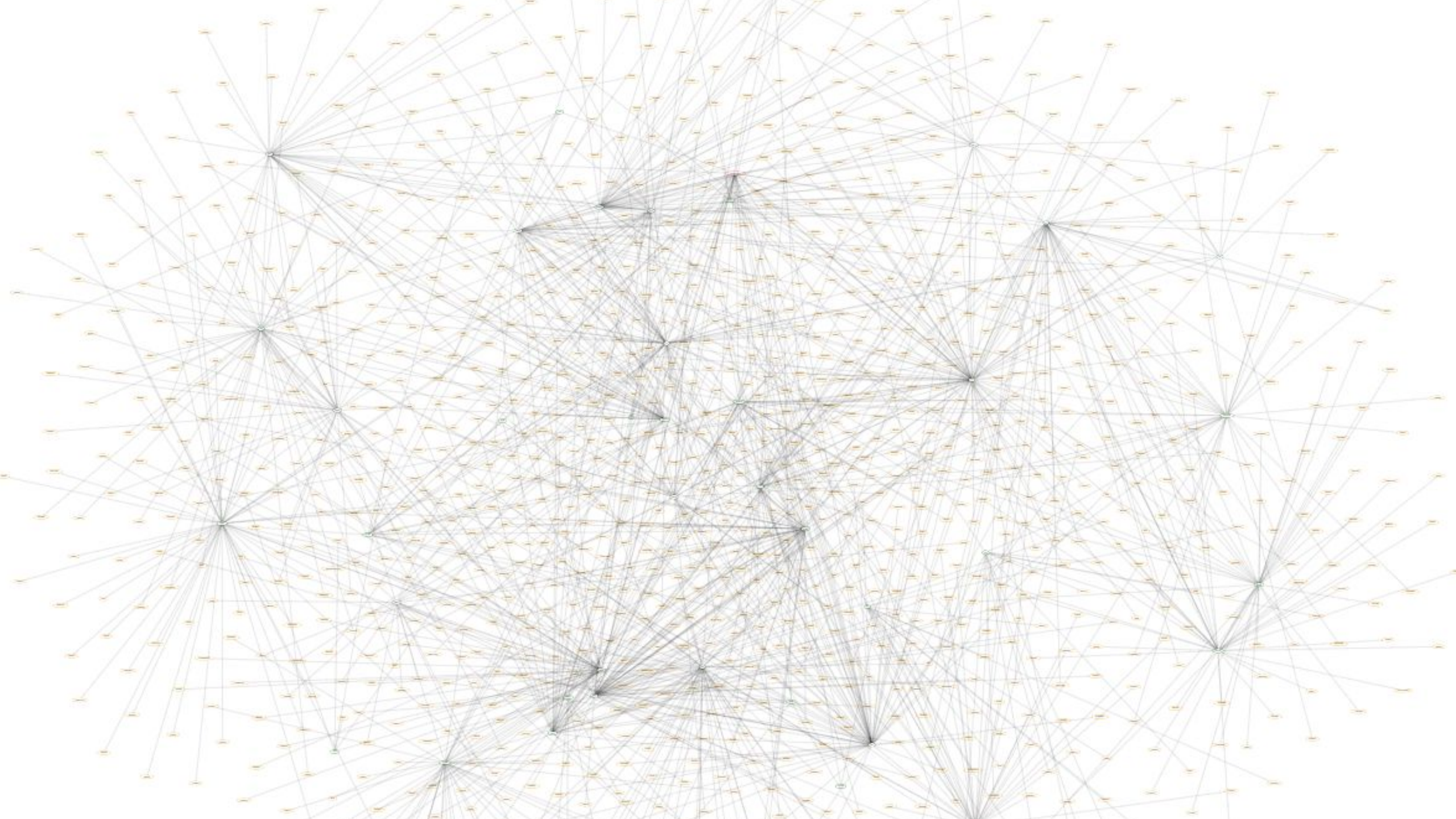


Study in clinical trials

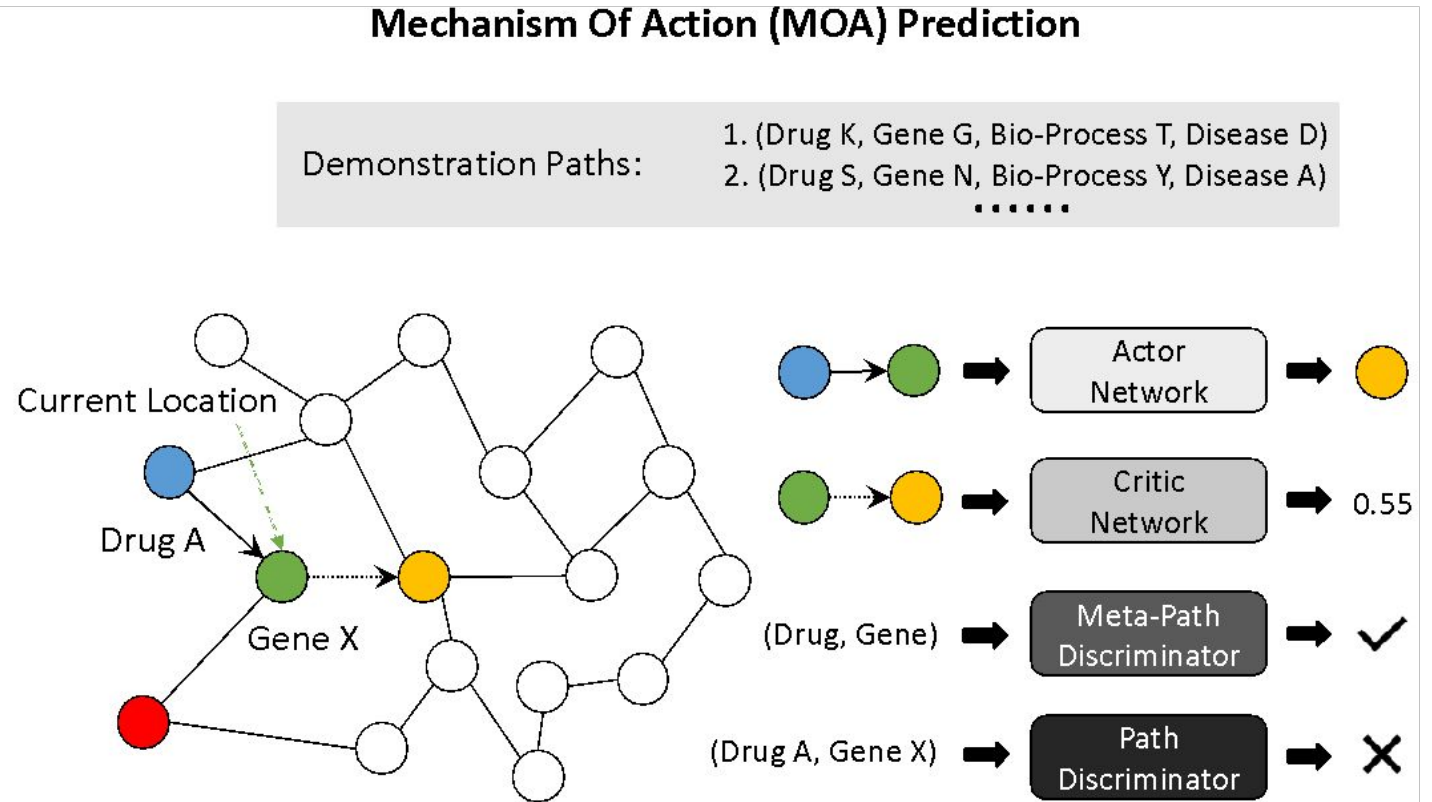
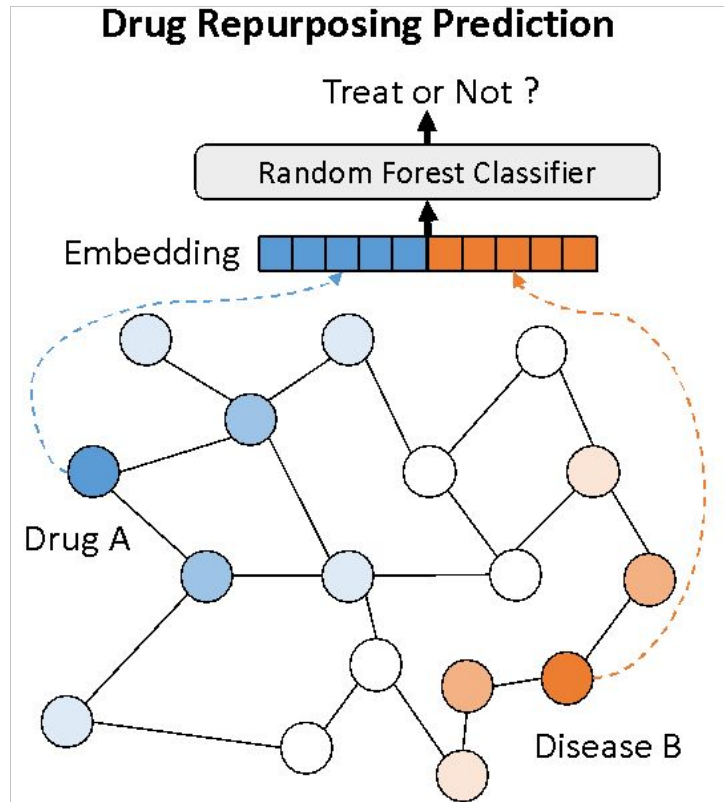


Ensure equitable access



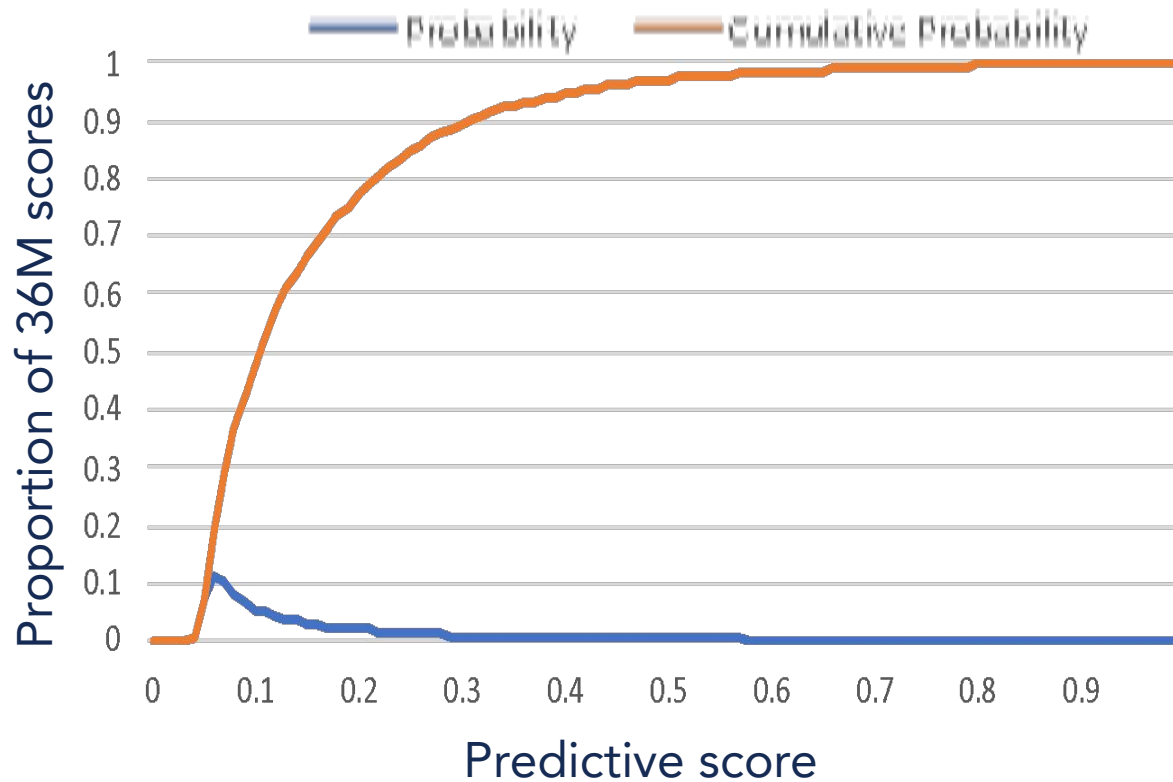


Using AI to generate scores for all drugs vs all diseases



Using AI to generate scores for all drugs vs all diseases

Pilot: Majority of scores are less than 0.1

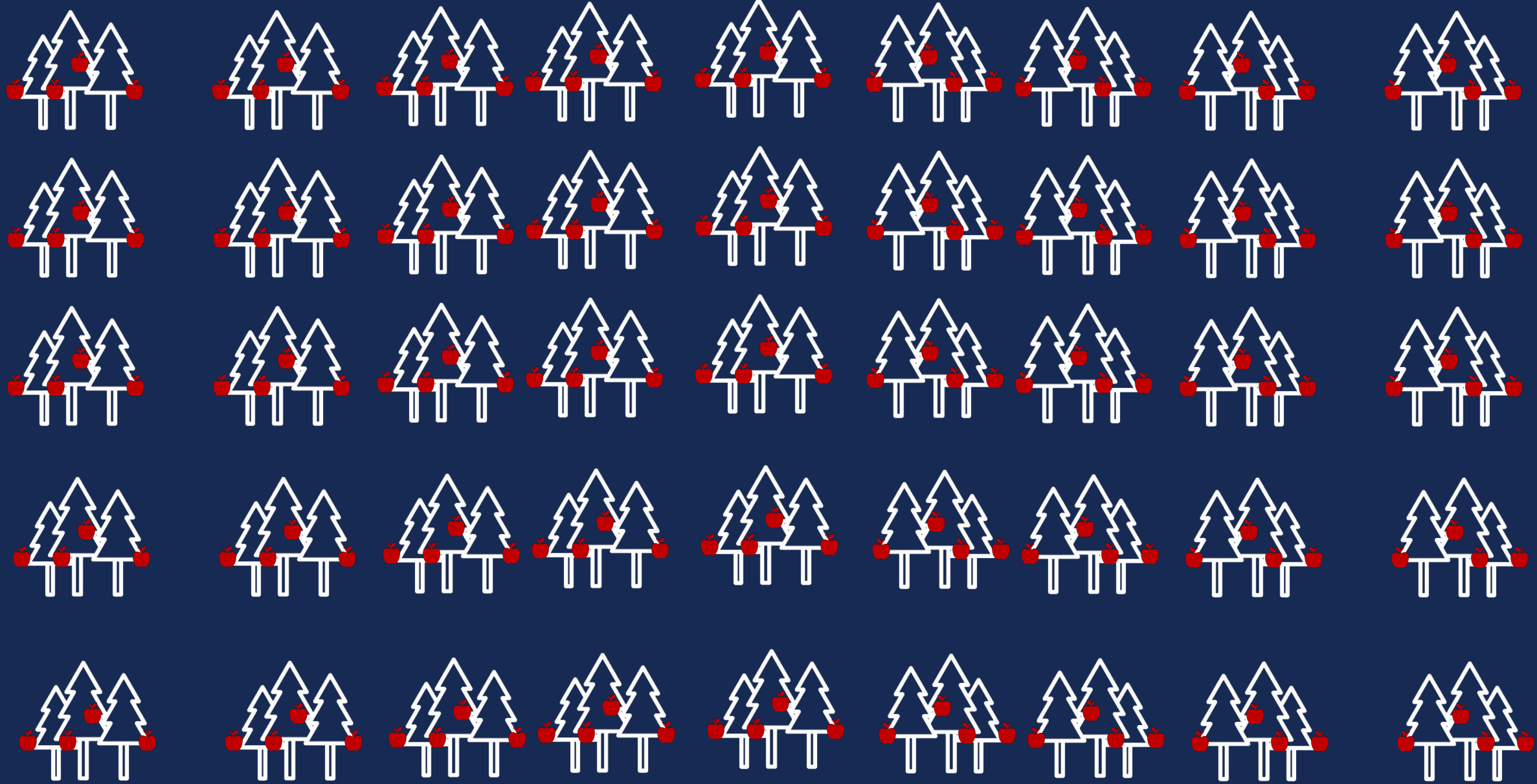


Pilot: adalimumab was #1 drug for Castleman's

Rank	Drug	Mechanism	Score
1	ADALIMUMAB	Anti-TNF	0.83735989
2	RITUXIMAB	B cell depletion	0.83385483
3	CERTOLIZUMAB PEGOL	Anti-TNF	0.82613921
4	CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE	cytotoxic	0.81639938
5	METHYLPREDNISOLONE	corticosteroid	0.81590714
6	PREDNISON	corticosteroid	0.80920972
7	SECUKINUMAB	Anti-IL17A	0.80650303
8	TRASTUZUMAB	Anti-HER2	0.80566249
9	TRIAMCINOLONE	corticosteroid	0.80365282
10	CISPLATIN	cytotoxic	0.80064139
63	Ruxolitinib	JAK1/2	0.77005478
177	Temsirolimus	mTOR	0.75333104
253	Sarilumab	IL-6	0.74729794

Top hit for CD was a drug that recently saved a patient's life







Future directions

We need your help to unlock more uses for existing FDA-approved medicines

- Support Every Cure with obtaining datasets from private data sources (eg, Elsevier), biopharma companies, and government agencies (eg, VA and FDA)
- Contribute cutting-edge AI/ML algorithms
- Support Every Cure with prioritization of top hits
- Perform *in vitro* and *in vivo* validation studies
- Partner on clinical trials of top hits

We need your help to advance more novel therapies!

David@everycure.org

"An extraordinary memoir . . .
It belongs with Atul Gawande's
writings and *When Breath
Becomes Air*." —Adam Grant,
New York Times bestselling
author of *Originals*

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CHASING MY CURE

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Hope into Action

A MEMOIR

David Fajgenbaum



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Thank you!

CSTL/CDCN

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CDCN Board, Advisory Council, & SAB
Mentors: Dan Rader, Arthur Rubenstein

Partners/Funders:



National Heart, Lung,
and Blood Institute



CASTLEMAN DISEASE COLLABORATIVE NETWORK



EUSA
Pharma



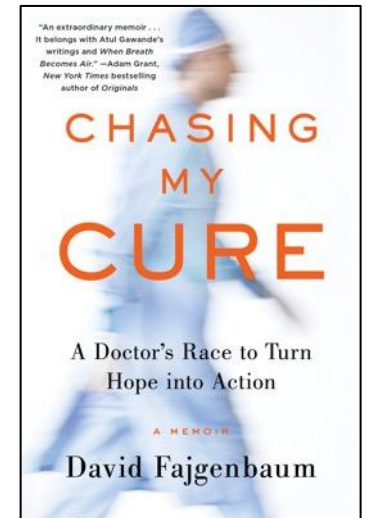
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ChasingMyCure.com

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Thank you to our Every Cure team and partners!

Every Cure

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Matt Might, PhD; UAB
Nevan Krogan, PhD; UCSF
Sui Huang, PhD; Sergio Baranzini, PhD; ISB
Melissa Haendel, PhD; Monarch Initiative



Funders



Other partners



Penn Medicine

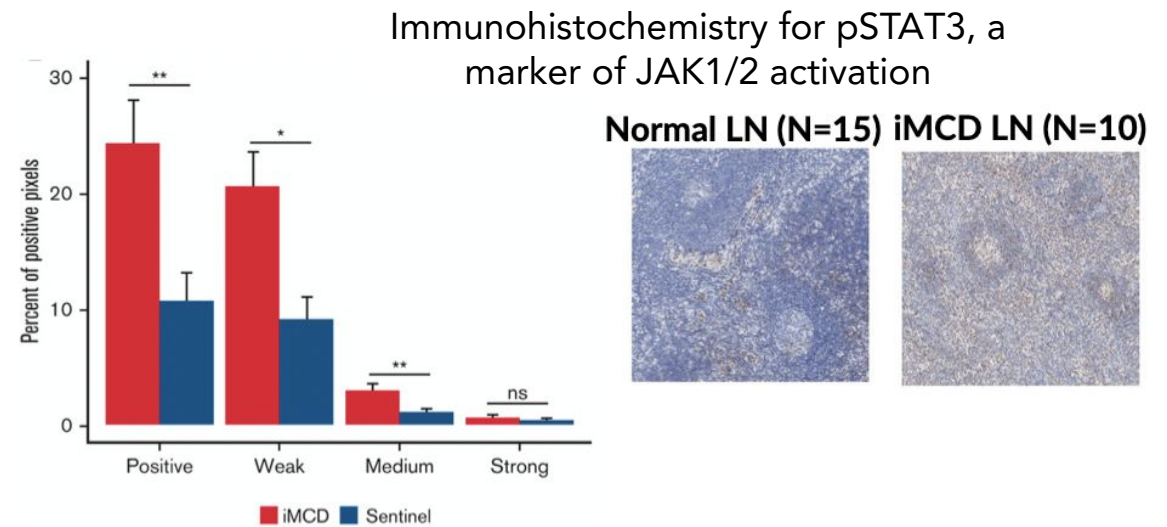


WORLDWIDE CLINICAL TRIALS

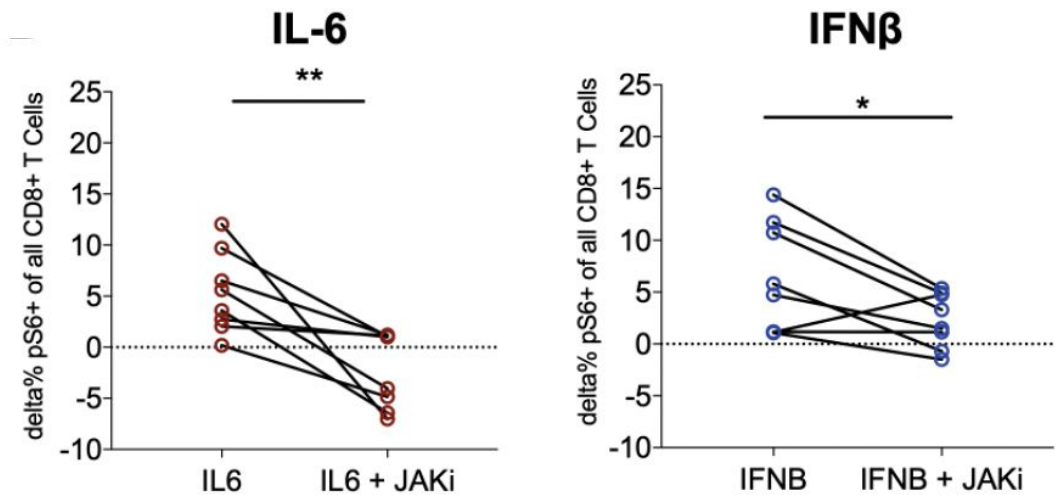
Ruxolitinib identified for iMCD by uncovering mechanistic insights

Table 1. Hallmark pathways significantly enriched in the discovery dataset among cluster 1 anti-IL-6 responders and in all siltuximab nonresponders

Pathway	Nominal P value	FDR q value
Enriched pathways in cluster 1 siltuximab responders vs HDs		
TNF α signaling via NF- κ B	.004	0.090
Estrogen response early	.013	0.137
IFN- γ response	.033	0.149
Allograft rejection signature	.033	0.167
IL-6-JAK STAT3 signaling	.020	0.184
Enriched pathways in siltuximab nonresponders vs HDs		
KRAS signaling up	.029	0.118
IL-6-JAK STAT3 signaling	.031	0.144
TNF α signaling via NF- κ B	.006	0.173
Allograft rejection signature	.043	0.177
IL2 STAT5 signaling	.018	0.179



pFlow reveals JAK1/2 inhibition abrogates excess signaling



Pierson & Fajgenbaum. Blood Adv, 2020.
Pai & Fajgenbaum, JCI Insight, 2020.

Ruxolitinib identified for iMCD by uncovering mechanistic insights

